May Have Been Abrogated.

"This government is seriously considering whether or not the treaty of 1828 and the revised articles of the treaties of 1785 and 1799 have not been in effect abrogated by the German government's flagrant violations of their

ernment's flagrant violations of their provisions, for it would be manifestly unjust and inequitable to require one party to an agreement to observe its stipulations and to permit the other party to disregard them. It would appear that the mutuality of the undertaking has been destroyed by the conduct of the German authorities."

The German note, also made public today, was regarded by officials as practically proposing a new treaty. Nationals of either country resident in the other would, in case of war, have been free from internment: most would have been entitled to remain indefinitely, and those seeking to leave would have been free to do so, with all their property. Enemy property, specifically including merchant vessels, would have been free from all sequestration except under laws applying to neutrals also, while contracts and patents would not have been canceled, suspended or declared void. also, while contracts and patents would not have been canceled, sus-pended or declared void.

No General Internment.

The status of Germans in this counthan a transient defection of the troops at the front from their usual discipline and loyalty to their commanders these to leave. Under this plan only 6,000 out of 80,000 Germans in Canada have been discovered.

remain loyal.
Whether the treaties may be considered abrogated through Germany's ac-tion will depend upon the State Depart ment's view as to whether Senate approval is essential. There is doub department alone can

CITY POLICE TO LEARN HOW TO USE ARMY RIFLE

Weapons and Ammunition to Be Furnished District Force by the War Department.

of War Baker yesterday afternoon, Maj. Raymond W. Pullman, superintendent of police, announced that every employe of the police department, including civilian employes, will be instructed in handling the regulation army rifle and that arms and ammunition will be stored in the and ammunition will be stored in the "news" more alarming than the truth several stations and substations of the itself. The result is that without min-

of the department forming the first prisoners being the wite Minister Soukhomlinoff. squad. Fully 50 per cent of the men. it is stated, have performed service in the army or navy, and the instruction will come easy to them.

Discussing the question of preparedness with a Star reporter, Maj. Pullman explained that it is not the purpose of the

ers in London did considerable damage about the beginning of the war between England and Germany. He realized that such work might possibly be done in this city and deemed best to be prepared in advance.

advance.

This afternoon Maj. Pullman conferred with Col. Samuel W. Miller, U. S. A. director of civillan marksmanship, respecting the work that is being outlined for members of his force. Among those who will participate in the instruction of employes of the police department are Capt. Snyder, Brig. Gen. Frederick H. Phillips. U. S. A. secretary of the National Rifle Association of America, and Col. Thomas S. King.

Rowland R. Murdech, Artist, Dead. PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 26 .- Rowland R. Murdoch, aged forty-one, widely known as an artist and newspaper man, is dead here following an illness of ten weeks. He gained a reputation as an artist by his sketches at the time of the San Francisco earthqua during the Russo-Japanese war. Francisco earthquake and

Drug Evil Increasing in New York. NEW YORK, March 26 .- The use of habit-forming drugs has increased to such an extent in this city, reports Jus-tice Cornelius F. Collins of the court of special sessions, chairman of the com-mittee on the drug evil, that at least 10 per cent of the business of that tribunal is made up of cases of addicts. Large quantities of a certain drug ex-Large quantities of a certain drug exported to Canada, Mexico and Cuba from this country are smuggled back across forests. The bureau's statement says been established, the report says the action of the Serbiane in the says the say

Petrograd Confident Army Will | Washington Railway and Electhe Capital.

SUPPORT IS PLEDGED DUMA OFFICIALS ARE RETICENT

PETROGRAD, March 26, via London, 2:15 p.m. (British admiralty, per Wiretavy, on the northern part of the Russian front below Dvinsk. The war office announces that the Germans were ton Railway and Electric and the Capl

Full Confidence in Army.

PETROGRAD, March 25, via London March 26.-The news that Field Marshal von Hindenburg was planning a ceived at the capital with surprisingly little consternation, evoking rather a in the loyalty of the troops and the ability of the army to protect the city try is not held to be affected by the re- from the new danger. If German calfusal to reaffirm the old treaties and culations are based upon the supposed there will be no general internment or demoralization of the soldiery or more persecutions. The most serious project than a transient defection of the troops

treme radical and socialist element aimed at taking advantage of the over covered and the certainty that more are throw of the authority by sowing furto follow has not shaken the official belief that the majority of Germans will men and soldiers.

ther discontent among the workingmen and soldiers.

Made Propaganda Easy.

The cloudy state of mind of the peasant population which, bewildered by the new vista of freedom and equality, and having had little experience with liberty of any sort, imagined that it meant relaxation of every kind of authority and discipline, made the propaganda of the agitators easy at first Rut the propaganda was solved.

We got possession of several of these, and I personally turned them over to the Commisioners. I understand they have been turned over to the police department.

"Furthermore, men in automobiles have been going about the city intimidating the strikers. The men have said they won't stand it any longer. I have told the men that the authorities will take care of such cases, but if nothing is done, it will be up to the men to defend themselves."

Unlon leaders were busy today planning a mass meeting tonight at the meant relaxation of every kind of authority and discipline, made the propaganda of the agitators easy at first. But the prompt measures taken by the government and duma delegations removed whatever danger lay in direction. Telegrams have been tions removed whatever danger lay in that direction. Telegrams have been received from every portion of the front affirming that the army can be relied upon to do its utmost to defend the country. M. Rodizianko, president of the duma, received a delegation from the army which declared:

"All officers and soldiers will defend the duma to the last drop of their blood. They will faithfully obey the provisional government, and will strike the Germans to the last man," provisional government, and wi strike the Germans to the last man,"

Press Now Tells Truth.

Freedom from the censorship already has had a stultary effect in permitting the truth to be published about the new danger from a German attack without the usual accompaniment of extrava

Instruction in Squads.

It was arranged that members of the department and civilian employes be instructed in squads, the higher officers of the department forming the first day of the revolution, the dispatch adds, among the latest prisoners being the wife of former War Minister Soukhomlinoff.

Plan to Crush Russia.

LONDON, March 26.-Special dispatches from Petrograd, dated Friday, Through the courtesy of the federal emphasize the seriousness of the sitgovernment, the police will be permit-uation arising from the German con- of petition which will be circulated by ted to use the gallery in Poli's Theater centration on the Riga-Dvinsk front the strikers and sympathizers all over building, the property belonging to the government; later the gallery in the Eastern market will be used, and the course of instruction will be completed on the District rifle range, near Congress Heights. Brig. Gen. Harvey extended the use of the range to Maj. Pullman for the benefit of his men. being the first time, it is stated, that the range has been offered to a rifle asso-clation.

According to the accounts of these mont street, at I octock, when late.

According to the accounts of these mont street, at I octock, when late.

T. R. McDaniel will be the speaker.

Mrs. Jessie Harry MacKaye today said the was awaiting the return from New tited to be used on the range in the correspondents, internal conditions in ater building, while the full charge Russia, notwithstanding the determina-

d to Quit Fighting.

This ...ovement is indicated by the department to have policemen on regular duty carrying rifles. The rifles he stated, will be kept in the police stations, ready for use in case of emergency.

"And I hope the emergency will not arise," he remarked.

Maj. Pullman said he learned that snipers in London did considerable damage.

It is asserted that this step would imake the hearing of the soldiers. It is asserted that this step would imake the hearing of the soldiers. Pravda of a resolution of the social author of a resolution introduced in mediately evoke a fraternal response mong the Germans and the war would promptly collapse, enabling the army and people to co-operate in overthrow-ing the ruling classes of Russia. Some soldiers in Petrograd are said

to have spent days wrangling over the wonderful promises held forth by the socialist propaganda, and to have stop-ped thinking about the war, which they believe to be over

AGAINST THE UNION

tric Reported Contemplating Seeking an Injunction.

Officials of the Washington Railway and Electric Company today declined to discuss a report that injunction pro ceedings are to be instituted in the District Supreme Court against the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes. The strike is being conducted through Division 689. the local of this association, which embraces employes of both the Washingtal Traction companies.

tal Traction companies.

It became known that such proceedings are being considered by company officials. Contemplation of such action is based on a statement made by Edward McMorrow, national organizer, to the effect that "the fight has just begun, and I have been holding my men in check, but I am afraid I can't do it much longer because of the oppression of the company."

In respect to this statement, Mr. McMorrow today said:
"I am perfectly willing to explain it. "I am perfectly willing to explain it. Then if the company wants to enjoin us, let them. The car company has men in its employ who have been intimidating our men for some time. I have reported their acts to the police. "We found several automobiles which we have good reason to believe belong to the company in which we found a number of blackjacks, billies and clubs." "I am perfectly willing to explain it

Made From Parts of Plow.

Mr. McMorrow said that the billies were made from parts of a plow and were in the shape of a policeman's baton, with a piece of metal on the end.

ning a mass meeting tonight at the National Rifles Armory on G street, near 9th street, where "Mother" Jones and Mr. McMorrow will be speakers. and Mr. McMorrow will be speakers. Other leaders of organized labor will make addresses.

At Central Labor Union headquarters and at union headquarters committees were arranging for the tag day tomorrow, when wives and sisters of the strikers, and woman sympathizers will sell tags all over the city for the benefit of the strikers' fund. More than 309 women have volunteered to sell these tags, it was stated. The tag day, to be conducted tomorrow and Wednesday, is under the auspices of the Central Labor Union.

"Labor Is Not a Commodity."

The tag is a small white cardboard. earing this quotation: "'A man's labor is not a commodity, but a part of his life,' Woodrow Wilson." In the center is printed in large letters, "Tag Day," and below is this

the second week of a strike. The amount paid is \$5 per man. This money is now on its way from the headquar was stated, and will be disbursed as soon as it arrives.

Submits Form of Petition.

Edward McMorrow today submitted

theater building, while the range in the may be used in the market gallery. As soon as the men quality for indoor be given an opportunity to engage in practice on the outdoor range near Congress Heights. When the men complete their course in rifle practice they will be taught how to handle machine guns, and it is probable that several guns will be turned over to the police department.

Rifles for Emergency.

Correspondents, internal conditions in Russia, notwithstanding the determination of the government and responsible leaders to conduct the war with energy, are disquieting.

They say that time is needed to restore the discipline of the army and they record incidents which are hindering progress in this direction. Among these is the movement of extremists to put the final overthrow of the Romanoffs, the bureaucrats and ruling classes generally in the forefront of all national efforts.

He was released on \$2,000 bond for his appearance in Police Court April 8. Will Urge His Resolution.

Senator Hughes of New Jersey. the Senate just before that body closed its recent special session, providing for an investigation of the Washington Railway and Electric Company strike by a committee of five senators, said today that if the strike is still on when Congress assembles next week he will seek to have favorable action taken

seek to have favorable action taken on his resolution.
"The Department of Labor is anxious to have the resolution adopted," said Senator Hughes today. "If the strike is still going on next week, I will do what I can to have the resolution adopted. There is some opposition to the resolution developing, I understand."
Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, chair-

MUST DROP STEAMER LINE.

Decision by U. S. Supreme Court Affecting Lehigh Valley R. R.
In the first case brought under the Panama canal act requiring railroads to dispose of their steamship interests, the Supreme Court of the United States to day decided that the Lehigh Valley railroad must relinquish its great lakes steamship transportation line operating vessels between Buffalo and Chicago and Milwaukee.

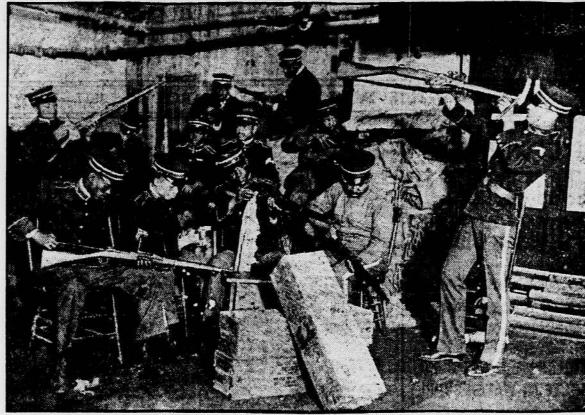
Serbs Revolt Against Bulgars.

LONDON, March 26.—Reuter's Corfu correspondent says the Serbian press to the inhabitants of eastern teffect that the inhabitants of eastern Serbia are revolting against the Roll.

be on the drug evil, that at least cent of the business of that the inhabitants of eastern and is made up of cases of addicts. Serbia are revolting against the Buldation of Canada, Mexico and Cuba from country are smuggled back across for the bureau's statement says borders and into Florida. It has the action of the Serbians is due to forced recruiting, wholesale requisitions and inhuman treatment by the bullance of automobiles.

Surface and statement to the law legislation providing for compuls for sory arbitration of such controversies that the inhabitants of eastern between the employes of public utilities in companies and the companies as that which has caused the present strike in the District of Columbia. President Webst Wilson is behind the compulsory arbitration idea, so far as the interstate of it comes from Canada in the Bulgariana, wholesale requisitions and inhuman treatment by the many other new things, Cengress may version.

FIRST SEPARATE BATTALION, N. G. D. C., ORDERED INTO FEDERAL SERVICE.



streets northwest this morning, showing members guns and other equipment in trim.

seek to try it out on the District of

Labor Unions Aid Strikers.

At a meeting of the Columbia Typographical Union yesterday resolutions vere passed pleds s moral and financial support of the street car strikers and indorsing the boycott of the Washington Railway and Electric Company by organized labor in the District.

Announcement was made at union headquarters that the Paperhangers Union also passed resolutions condemn-ing the bringing of strikebreakers into Washington and placing a fine of \$10 on any member caught riding on the on any member caught riding on the cars of the company.

The police are investigating a complaint made by two strikers of alleged annoyances on the part of strikebreakers. The men first called on Commissioner Brownlow and were referred by him to Inspector Grant, chief of detectives

INTERNED GERMANS OFF FOR STOCKADES

(Continued from First Page.)

the escort of American marines. In the second coach were the officers of the German raider, of whom one was the commander, Capt. Thierfelder. In he other cars were the German sailors. There were 370 men, sixteen warrant officers and eight commissioned officers

is understood that the wife of Capt. Thierichen, commanding the Prinz Eitel, with their two children, and two other nows" more alarming than the truth department.

A requisition for 160 rifes and approximately 100,000 rounds of ammunition today was approved by the War Department, and Maj. Pullman hopes to get them without delay. Shortly after Secretary of War Baker had approved Maj. Pullman's preparedness pian, the latter sent out notices to members of his staff, inspectors, captains and lieuters and keeping who have definitely and clearly that damage are provided to capt. Oliver F. Snyder, U. S. are made in every solver the may rife, the superintendent of Doliver F. Snyder, U. S.

Instruction in Squads.

It was arranged that members of the department and civilian employes be in department and civilian employes be in the department.

Instruction in Squads.

It was arranged that members of the department and civilian employes be in the department.

Instruction in Squads.

It was arranged that members of the department and civilian employes be in the civilian employes be in the civilian employes and the furth intains intending the danger to the country that the prince care the country that the prince cannot be experiment the furth intains the danger to the country the country that the prince cannot continue to report the prince, different the furth intains the case of the country the civilian employers and the women, supposed to be wives of officer

needy families of the soldiers of the 1st Separate Eattalion, and of any and all units of the District Guard of the District of Columbia that may be called into service, and for civilians in the District affected by war conditions, started today C. C. Glover, jr., the chairman of the civil relief committee of the District chapter of the Red Cross, opened his offices in the Wadsworth House, 1801 Massachusetts avenue, this afternoon, with the cooperation of a strong committee of well

known civic workers of the capital. John Dolph brings his experience as chairman of the civic committee that conducted similar work at the time the District soldiers were ordered to the border to the office of vice chairman. Milton E. Alles is another vice chairman. Mrs. Archibald Hopkins is chairman of the committee on supplies and Mr. Dolph is chairman of the committee on distribu-

by a Former Policeman Accused of Black-

Through Attorney James A. O'Shea the accused officer makes fourteen objections to the indictment.

He declares that the allegations are not specific enough to comply with the laws of pleading and to advise him of

the charge he has to answer. Rone also asserts that the indictment is bad in law, in that it joins a felony and a misdemeaner in charging him with a violademeaner in charging him with a viola-tion of the penal code and of a section of the District code at the same time. The punishment for extortion under the penal code is not more than one year at Occoquan, while blackmail may be pun-Occoquan, while blackmail may be pun-ished by a term of five years in the penitentiary.

Bibles Presented to Midshipmen. Anticipating their hurried graduation to help meet the nation's war crisis 178 midshipmen at Annapolis were formally

presented with Bibles in Bancroft Hall many years at the Naval Academy. many years are made by Dr. George S. Webster, secretary of the American Seamen's Friend Society of New York.
One hundred and any two of the midshipmen received the American revised version and twenty-six secessed the Douai

4

TO PUT BATTALION ON GUARD DUTY AT POTOMAC BRIDGES

a drill period of one hour and that there would be another drill at 8 o'clock tonight. "They did their share of drilling last

summer on the Mexican border at Naco. Ariz.," said Maj. Walker, "but a couple

comprising the personnel of the German warship. They were guarded by a company of seventy-two marines, with twelve officers and commanded by Capt.

F. M. Wise.

There were a commanded by Capt.

There were a commanded by Capt.

There were a commanded by Capt.

going to last?" The great majority of the men appeared to be glad that they had been called into service. They realized the called into service. They realized the importance of the duty which they are to perform.

The call for the 1st Separate Battalion extinguished. at least three employes—two of confusion everything was put in reading officials—from the public schools e District.

(Walker is supervising principal f the District.

of the District.

Maj. Walker is supervising principal of the thirteenth division; Capt. Newman is principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School, and West A. Hamilton, another member of the bat-

First Separate Battalion

Given Most Important Post

During Service on Border

The 1st Separate Battalion, Maj.

James E. Walker, commanding, was the fact that while more the only unit of the National Guard of the District of Columbia which performed a specific service on the Mexican border during the past summer. From the hour of its arrival on the border, the night of Sunday, July 9, until its departure, the morning of Monday, October 9, this organization the border, the morning of Monday, October 9, this organization was called upon to do guard the twater works outside of the town of Naco, Arizona, the most important post of duty assigned to any troops stationed in that locality. It important post of duty assigned to any troops stationed in that locality. It important post of duty assigned to any troops stationed in that locality. It important post of duty assigned to any troops stationed in that locality. It important post of duty assigned to any troops stationed in that locality. It important post of Arizona infantry campen for parrols were furnished by two troops stationed and Naco. Approximately 30,000 are almost entirely dependent upon this water system, wells in that arid section of Arizona being few and learn that supplied water to the towns of Bisbee, Lowell, Warren, Don Luis and Naco. Approximately and the section of Arizona being few and learn that supplied water to the towns of Bisbee, Lowell, Warren, Don Luis and Naco. Approximately and the section of Arizona being few and learn that supplied water to the towns of Bisbee, Lowell, Warren, Don Luis and Naco. Approximately and the troops of the list Cavalry (regulars), and the troops of the list work was done by a pumping plant that supplied water to the towns of Bisbee, Lowell, Warren, Don Luis and Naco. Approximately and the troops of the list work was done by a pumping plant that supplied water to the towns of Bisbee, Lowell, Warren, Don Luis and Naco. Approximately and the troops of the list was considered in that arid section of Arizona being f

chairman of the committee on distribution.

The committee has plenty of money to meet all immendiate needs. Of course, continued contributions are necessary, but the committee reports that the support of the people has thus far been very generous.

All the work being done by the local Red Cross chapter is voluntary. There are no paid employes. Every cent collected is spent in workd of rellef.

O'her members of the civil rellef committee are:

Ross P. Andrews, Mrs. Ernest P. Bicknell, Miss Mabel T. Boardman, E. C. Brandenburg, D. J. Callahan, John Joy Edson, Mrs. T. N. McLaughlin, Admiral N. E. Mason, A. Leftwich Sinclair, Col. George Truesdell, Walter S. Ufford and Rev. Dr. John Van Schaick.

RONE ATTACKS INDICTMENT.

Former Policemen Accused of Risck.

about a half mile outside of the town.
A plan of action to be followed in the event of an attack was immediately agreed upon, orders were issued accordingly, and from that time on the troops were on the alert day and night. Company D was assigned to the post or honor, that closest to the big building which houses the pumping plant. Men from this company did the guard duty about the plant during the remainder of the summer, the three other companies alternating in performing the general guarding duties of the The border line is about a quarter of

mile southwest of the point where he ist Separate Battalion was camped. the 1st Separate Battalion was camped. Small detachments of Mexican troops frequently were seen from the camp. Within the town of Naco, Sonora, which is just across the line from Naco, Ari., a garrison of several hundred Mexican troops was stationed. At no time during the stay of a body of troops was an attack from a body of troops looked for, but great caution was taken to guard against damage which might have been inflicted to the pumping plant by individuals. If a charge of high explosive had been set off in the building, the elaborate of pumping apparatus would have been wrecked. With the exception of the

deep wells at Naco, there are practically no other wells in the Bisbee district. A charge of explosive of sufficient size to have caused this damage would not necessarily have been large. A satchel full of dynamite thrown in the midst of the huge pumps would have done the trick.

This was fully realized and precautions were taken accordingly. No one was permitted is approach the plant unless he could give a gobd account of himself.

born November 5, 1895, Wayne county, Ky, coal trimmer, bearer seamen identification certificate, and John Palmer, born June 28, 1892, Panama, sailor papers lost, signed on as American, who state that Wilfred did not carry troops and was not armed.

"German submarine was seen; allowed crew to take to boats. Wilfred displayed on both sides and sunk twenty miles from I shant, no vessel in sight. No other Americans on board. Crew reached shore next morning; no casualties."

Night Outposts Maintained.

summer on the Mexican border at Naco, Ariz.," said Maj. Walker, "but a couple of good, snappy drills will do them no harm."

The men all were inquiring whether they would be perimited to return to their homes tonight or whether they would be perimited to return to their homes tonight or whether they would be quartered in their armory or some other barracks. Neither the battalion commander nor any of the company officers could give them any information along this line, all saying that it depended on the nature of the orders from the Eastern Department.

Brig. Gen. Harvey visited the armory early this morning and was in consultation with Maj. Walker. It is stated he was greatly impressed with the promptness with which the men had responded.

Officers of the battalion said that valuable assistance had been given by the Washington post office in getting the notices to the men of the organization that they had been called to the colors. An order to report to the armory this morning was mailed to every man in the battalion last night. Letter carriers instructed to call the attention of the person receiving this mail, when it was delivered, to its importance. If the man to whom it was addressed was not present when the mail reached his home the letter carriers and Privates Mason. Colbert large and Privates Mason. Colb The battalion had only an inner guard importance. If the man to whom it was addressed was not present when the mail reached his home the letter carriers instructed some member of his family to make sure that he received it without delay.

Armory a Busy Place.

The armory was humming with activity this morning. Uniforms were being brushed up and riffes and other equipment were being cleaned. Every one was inquiring "How long is this going to last?"

Which about fifty shots were fired by the men of the lst Separate Battalion. The outpost guard consisted of Corp. Harris and Privates Mason, Colbert, Tyler, Wilde, Mahoney and Brooks, About nightfall on August 19 a party of six or seven Mexicans were ordered to halt by the outpost. A repetition of the challenge brought a reply in the form of pistol shots. The Mexicans deloyed his opened and opened on the colored soldiers.

Corp. Harris deployed his squad and returned the fire, driving the Mexicans before them. The men ran for the international line, and, after following the Mississippi, together with the coast defenses of New York, New Jersey, which about fifty shots were fired by the men of the lst Separate Battalion. The men of the lst Separate Battalion. The burstless do Corp. Harris and Privates Mason, Colbert, Tyler, Wilde, Mahoney and Brooks, About nightfall on August 19 a party of six or seven Mexicans were ordered to halt by the outpost. A repetition of the challenge brought a reply in the form of pistol shots. The Mexicans depoled his squad and returned the fire, driving the Mexicans before them. The men ran for the international line, and, after following the Mississippi, together with the coast defenses of New York, New Jersey, the states of New York, New Jersey, and the Canal Zone and the Island Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, the proposition of the port of Porto Ricco with the islands of Porto Ricc

them for several hundred yards, the District militiamen gave up the chase.

Praised by Regular Officers.

Officers of the regular army who inspected the camp of the 1st Separate Battalion spoke in terms of highest The positions vacated by these men will be held open for them until their services are no longer required by the United States government, as was done with the unit, reported that its "paper work." the keeping of records and files, the Mexican border.

First Separate Battalion

Given Most Important Post

PROMISE TO CO-OPERATE IN PROTECTING CAPITAL

District Commissioners Assure Secretary Baker of Desire to Aid National Government.

Former Policeman Accused of Blackmail Files Fourteen Objections.
Guy Rone, one of two policemen recently indicted for blackmail and extortion, in the allegad demanding and receiving of \$40 from two visitors to the industrial ceremonies in lieu of an arrest on a charge of violating the Kenyon act, today filed a motion to quash the indictment against him. Through Attorney James A. O'Shea the accused officer makes fourteen objections to the indictment against him. Through Attorney James A. O'Shea the accused officer makes fourteen objections to the indictment. He declares that the allegations are against him. Through Attorney James A. O'Shea the accused officer makes fourteen objections to the indictment. He declares that the allegations are and also to the long that the allegations are objections to the indictment. He declares that the allegations are sent to Naco later in the summer, brough it is strength to not a day about 120 men to pape a mayer age of about 120 men to the company.

In Actual Service From the Start.

As soon as the battalion detrained at Naco it went into actual service. Ball ammunition was issued and the troops were never without it from that time until the start back to this city was made, exactly three months later. Camp was set up immediately south of the water pumping plant, which is about a half mile outside of the town. A plan of action to be followed in the event of an attack was immediately and discussed nor did they go into any that as the federal government is related in the started to a conference with Secretary Baker. At the close of the visit Commissioner Newman was intercepted by the newspaper men and questioned regarding the subject of the visit Commissioner Newman, "to attack was intercepted by the newspaper men and questioned regarding the subject of the visit Commissioner Newman, "to attack the following his conference.

"We called," said Mr. Newman, "to assure the Secretary of War formully and earnestly of our desire to cooperate to the fullest extent with the conference.

AMERICANS ABOARD TWO SUNKEN SHIPS

Five Were Members of Crews, **But Got Away Safely** in Boats.

Torpedoing of the Norwegian steame Wilfred with two Americans aboar and the British steamer Chorley with three Americans, was reported today to the State Department. The Wilfred was warned by the German submarine that sani: her, but carried no contra band or armament. American Consul General Skinner at London sent this re-

be Chorley: steamer Chorley torpe 22d. b 'ardiff. Crew landed Portcans. Sweet, Herrick and land. Walters, sent to London by authorities. Other details unavailable.

Ambassador Sharp's Report.

Ambassador Sharp at Paris sent this eport on the Wilfred: "American consular agent at Brest re

orts sinking on 15th instant at 8 p.m. of Norwegian steamer Wilfred from Newport, England, to Gibraltar with coal. He obtained signed statements from two Americans, Bill Southward, born November 5, 1895, Wayne county

Description of Vessels.

NEW YORK, March 26 .- hTe Chorey was a vessel of 3,828 tons, and was 340 feet long. She was built in 1901.

Rhode Island and Connecticut. Head-quarters at Boston.

"B—Eastern Department, to embrace the states of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia. West Virginia, District of Co-lumbia and the Canal Zone and the Island of Porto Rico with the Islands and keys adjacent thereto. Headquarters at Gover-nors Island.

"D. Central Department, to embrace the states of Kentucky, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota. North Dakota, South Dakota, Lowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming and Colorado. Headquarters at Chicago. "E—Southern Department to embrace the states of Louisiana (except the coast defenses at New Orleans), Texas, (except the coast defenses at Galvesexcept the coast defenses at Galves-on), Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mex-Headquarters at Fort am Houston, Texas.

Sam Houston, Texas.

"F-Western Department to embrace the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, California, Nevada, Utah and the territory of Alaska. Headquarters at San Francisco.

"Maj. Gen, Leonard Wood will command.

tion to whatever volunteers might be summoned, the task would be too great for a single departmental organization of the vastness of the supply

sible. Departmental commanders com-pletely will supervise the assembling of Messrs. Newman and Brownlow and Col. Kutz. Commissioners of the District of Columbia, called at the War trict of Columbia, called at the War trick of Columbia,

rate Pattalion in guarding the city was not discussed nor did they go into any detail as to how the District authorities would be expected to co-operate with the federal government. Being asked what the District government could do in the matter of protecting the city. Mr. Newman said that they had about 800 well trained policemen, about half of whom had seen military service, and from four to five hundred firemen who could be counted on for good service under all conditions, and in addition there were about 6,500 employes in the District service, who could be depended on for service in an emergency.

Charles J. Fenner Under Charges

completed could be manned with \$7,000 blue ackets, but there would not be a sufficient margin to allow for the many necessary auxiliaries as well.

The War Department has nearly completed preparation of its appropriation budget to be sent to the Capitol on the day Congress meets. Accompanying the request for funds for various army purposes will go recommendations for such legislation on army organization as may have been decided upon.

PLAN TO SUPPLY LABOR FOR GOVERNMENT WORK

Conference Scheduled for Wednesday as Part of Preparedness

Program.

the government all kinds of labor for use in time of war, officials of the United States employment service, the civil service commission and the American Federation of Labor are to hold a conference Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock in the office of Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department. Samuel Gompers, who is chairman of

the labor division of the advisory commission in the Council of National De fense, will represent the American Federation of Labor at the conference, and John A. McIlhenny will represent the civil service. Besides Secretary Wilson the Labor Department will be represented by Commissioner Caminetti, head of the employment service, and T. V Powderly.

To Avoid Duplication.

Plans to avoid duplication of effort by the civil service and the employment service in getting workers for munitions plants, arsenals, navy yards and al plants furnishing supplies to the government in war times, will be consider-

ered by the conferees. Under the laws the civil service commission has general oversight over government employment. The federal employment service has of recent years developed to such an extent that it is able to supplement the civil service work in splendid fashion, especially in relation to securing skilled and unskilled workmen.

A. F. of L. Valuable Factor.

The conference is planned looking of these two governmental agencies, in co-operation with the Federation of Labor. The latter, through the business managers of its labor unions throughout the country, can supply the government with lists of surplus workers available in emergency at the call of the government.

It is pointed out that the combination of the efforts of the government services with the Federation of Labor

tions in the government works in case of call. SHOT BY BURGLAR.

will give equal opportunity for union and non-union workers to secure posi-

Harold E. Yarnall, Midland Valley R. R. Treasurer, Fatally Wounded. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 26 .-Harold E. Yarnall, treasurer of the Midland Valley Railroad Company and widely known in railroad circles, was shot and fatally wounded by a negro burglar, whom his wife had found in her room at their home here last night. Mrs. Yarnall grappled with the in ruder and her husband, who was takng a bath, hearing the commotion. leaped from the bath tub and rushed to her assistance. The negro relinquished his hold on Mrs. Yarnall and fired point his hold on Mrs. Yarnall and fired point-blank at her husband, the bullet enter-ing his groin and penetrating the liver. Despite his injury Mr. Yarnall succeed-ed in hurling the negro down stairs. After firing another shot, which failed to take effect, the burglar fied. Mr. Yarnall died early today at the hospital, to which he was removed shortly after he was shot. He was fifty-one years old.

LEADS ANNAPOLIS CLASS. F. E. Haeberle, Star of Midshipmen

to Be Graduated Thursday. ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 26 .- F. E. Haeberle of California leads the members of his class, which will be graduated next Thursday from the Naval Academy, two months in advance of the scheduled time, because of the immediate need of officers for the ships

This announcement was made at the academy today. The other star members of the class, in their order of merit, are: J. E. Ostrander, Massachusetts; E. E. Brady, fr., Maine: H. L. Maples, Alabama: G. W. McIver, California; A. I. McKey, Kentucky; H. R. Oster, New York: R. E. Dees, Mississippi, and Colin Campbell, Kanasa.

The graduation ceremonies, to be held Thursday morning, will be limited in attendance to the members of families of midshipmen and to officers of the service, and Secretary Daniels is expected to deliver the principal ad-This announcement was made at the

Big Reading Store Burned.

is expected to deliver the principal ad-

READING, Pa., March 26 .- Fire destroyed the Mills department store toproblems involved.

Instructions to National Guard officers day. The loss is about \$150,000. A issued more than a month ago to cover any future mobilization, showed plainly that the War Department had learned its lesson and proposed to decentralize its mobilization problems as far as possible. Departmental commanders communicated to the first floor. This is the immediately thereafter the flames com-municated to the first floor. This is the third disastrous fire in the business heart of the city within a few weeks.

Toll of German U-Boats. RERLIN, March 25, by wireless to Sayville, March 26 .- The sinking of

twenty-five more steamships, fourteen

sailing vessels and thirty-seven trawlers with an aggregate gross tonnage of 80,000 in the last few days is an-

80,000 in the last few nounced by the admiralty. Bad Check Cases Go to Court. Two instances in which "bad checks" have been passed are to be taken before the Police Court this week, according to a statement made by Charles J. Coumbus, secretary of the Retail Merchants' Association, today. It is possible that more than two checks will be taken before the court before the week is ended. This is a part of the campaign which the organization is con-

paign which the organization is con-ducting against "bad checks" and their Work of Women in War Zone, Topic. The work of the women in the war zone will form the subject of an address by Mrs. Josephine Griffith of Chiago at a meeting of the Dupont

Chapter, Young Women's Christian As-